

Statutory auditor's report on consolidated financial statements

Statutory auditor's report to the shareholders' meeting of Sipef NV for the year ended 31 December 2020 - Consolidated financial statements

In the context of the statutory audit of the consolidated financial statements of Sipef NV ("the company") and its subsidiaries (jointly "the group"), we hereby submit our statutory audit report. This report includes our report on the consolidated financial statements and the other legal and regulatory requirements. These parts should be considered as integral to the report.

We were appointed in our capacity as statutory auditor by the shareholders' meeting of 10 June 2020, in accordance with the proposal of the board of directors ("bestuursorgaan" / "organe d'administration") issued upon recommendation of the audit committee. Our mandate expires on the date of the shareholders' meeting deliberating on the annual accounts for the year ending 31 December 2020, in view of Article 41 of EU Regulation nr. 537/2014 that states that as from 17 June 2020, an audit mandate can no longer be prolonged for those audit mandates running 20 years or more at the date of entry into force of the regulation. We have performed the statutory audit of the consolidated financial statements of Sipef NV for at least 30 consecutive periods.

Report on the consolidated financial statements

Unqualified opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of the group, which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 December 2020, the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, as well as the summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes. The consolidated balance sheet shows total assets of 946 641 (000) USD and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income shows a profit for the year then ended of 16 178 (000) USD.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the group's net equity and financial position as of 31 December 2020 and of its consolidated results and its consolidated cash flow for the year then ended, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the European Union and with the legal and regulatory requirements applicable in Belgium.

Basis for the unqualified opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISA), as applicable in Belgium. In addition, we have applied the International Standards on Auditing approved by the IAASB applicable to the current financial year, but not yet approved at national level. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Responsibilities of the statutory auditor for the audit of the consolidated financial statements" section of our report. We have complied with all ethical requirements relevant to the statutory audit of consolidated financial statements in Belgium, including those regarding independence.

We have obtained from the board of directors and the company's officials the explanations and information necessary for performing our audit.

We believe that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters	How our audit addressed the key audit matters
<p>Impairment assessment of goodwill</p> <p>As at 31 December 2020, the carrying amount of goodwill amounted to 104 782 (000) USD. The annual goodwill impairment test is significant to our audit because the recoverable value is determined by a value-in-use calculation prepared by management using a discounted cash flow model which is complex, highly judgemental and subjective. The palm oil segment is identified as a single cash generating unit (CGU) for impairment testing.</p> <p>The recoverable value of the CGU to which the goodwill is attributed, was determined by using the discounted cash flow model. The cash flow model estimates the relevant cash flows, which are expected to be generated in the future, and are discounted to the present value by using a discount rate approximating the weighted average cost of capital. The estimation of future cash flows requires the use of a number of operational and predictive assumptions.</p> <p>Key assumptions in determining the value-in-use estimate are the projected crude palm oil price and the weighted average cost of capital.</p> <p>We refer to the financial statements, including notes to the financial Statements: Goodwill and other intangible assets (note 8).</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • We obtained an understanding of the internal control processes around the goodwill impairment exercise, more specifically management’s review process of the discounted cash flow model, and the approval of the board of directors of the underlying business plan; • We reviewed the discounted cash flow model to assess the appropriateness of the methodology employed by management and critically evaluated management’s assumptions; • We engaged the assistance of our internal valuation expert to assess the reasonableness of the key predictive assumptions such as the weighted average cost of capital as discount rate; • We considered the robustness of the management’s budgeting process by comparing the actual results versus previously forecasted figures; • We also assessed whether the future cash flows were based on the business plan approved by the board of directors; • We reviewed management’s analysis of the sensitivity of the value-in-use amounts to changes in the respective assumptions; • We reviewed the adequacy of the note disclosures concerning those key assumptions to which the outcome of the impairment test is most sensitive. The group’s disclosures about goodwill are in Note 8 to the financial statements, which explains that changes in the key assumptions used could give rise to an impairment of the goodwill balance in the future.
<p>Recoverability of deferred tax assets</p> <p>The group recognized deferred tax assets amounting to 8 447 (000) USD on unutilized tax losses. The group exercised its judgement to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognized, to the extent it is probable that future taxable profit will be available.</p> <p>We refer to the financial statements, including notes to the financial statements: Income taxes (note 23).</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • We considered the internal controls implemented by management and we carried out testing relating to the design and implementation of controls over the recoverability of deferred tax assets; • We challenged group and local management in respect of the recognition of deferred tax assets and tax provisions by utilizing both internal as well as

external tax experts in Indonesia and Papua New Guinea in order to help understand the potential impacts of local tax regulations on the group's operations;

- We assessed, tested and challenged management's assumptions to determine the probability that deferred tax assets will be recovered through taxable income in future years, including comparing the consistency of management's forecasts of taxable income as used in the deferred tax analysis with those included in the financial budgets as approved by the board of directors;
- We assessed the historical accuracy of management's assumptions and estimation process by comparing the forecasted results against actual results of operations to determine the probability that deferred tax assets will be recovered through taxable income in future years;
- We assessed the adequacy of the disclosure Note 23 in the financial statements.

Responsibilities of the board of directors for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements

The board of directors is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the European Union and with the legal and regulatory requirements applicable in Belgium and for such internal control as the board of directors determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the board of directors is responsible for assessing the group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters to be considered for going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the board of directors either intends to liquidate the group or to cease operations, or has no other realistic alternative but to do so.

Responsibilities of the statutory auditor for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a statutory auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISA will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

During the performance of our audit, we comply with the legal, regulatory and normative framework as applicable to the audit of consolidated financial statements in Belgium. The scope of the audit does not comprise any assurance regarding the future viability of the company nor regarding the efficiency or effectiveness demonstrated by the board of directors in the way that the company's business has been conducted or will be conducted.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISA, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from an error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the group's internal control;
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the board of directors;
- conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the board of directors and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our statutory auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our statutory auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the group to cease to continue as a going concern;
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities and business activities within the group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the audit committee regarding, amongst other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the audit committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and we communicate with them about all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated to the audit committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our report unless law or regulation precludes any public disclosure about the matter.

Other legal and regulatory requirements

Responsibilities of the board of directors

The board of directors is responsible for the preparation and the content of the directors' report on the consolidated financial statements, including the statement of non-financial information and other matters disclosed in the annual report on the consolidated financial statements.

Responsibilities of the statutory auditor

As part of our mandate and in accordance with the Belgian standard complementary to the International Standards on Auditing (ISA) as applicable in Belgium, our responsibility is to verify, in all material respects, the director's report on the consolidated financial statements, including the statement of non-financial information and other matters disclosed in the annual report on the consolidated financial statements, as well as to report on these matters.

Aspects regarding the directors' report on the consolidated financial statements and other information disclosed in the annual report on the consolidated financial statements

In our opinion, after performing the specific procedures on the directors' report on the consolidated financial statements, this report is consistent with the consolidated financial statements for that same year and has been established in accordance with the requirements of article 3:32 of the Code of companies and associations.

In the context of our statutory audit of the consolidated financial statements we are also responsible to consider, in particular based on information that we became aware of during the audit, if the directors' report on the consolidated financial statements and other information disclosed in the annual report on the consolidated financial statements, i.e.:

- Annual report 2020 – part 1 – corporate governance report;
- Annual report 2020 – part 1 – other company information;
- Annual report 2020 – part 2 – comments on the consolidated financial statements;

are free of material misstatements, either by information that is incorrectly stated or otherwise misleading. In the context of the procedures performed, we are not aware of such a material misstatement.

The non-financial information as required by article 3:32, § 2 of the Code of companies and associations, has been disclosed in the directors' report on the consolidated financial statements (annual report 2020 – part 3 – sustainability report). This non-financial information has been established by the company in accordance with international reporting frameworks (RSPO and SDG). In accordance with article 3:80 § 1, 5° of the Code of companies and associations we do not express any opinion on the question whether this non-financial information has been established in accordance with these internationally recognised frameworks.

Statements regarding independence

- Our audit firm and our network have not performed any prohibited services and our audit firm has remained independent from the group during the performance of our mandate.
- The fees for the additional non-audit services compatible with the statutory audit, as defined in article 3:65 of the Code of companies and associations, have been properly disclosed and disaggregated in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Other statements

- This report is consistent with our additional report to the audit committee referred to in article 11 of Regulation (EU) No 537/2014.

Signed at Antwerp.

The statutory auditor



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