

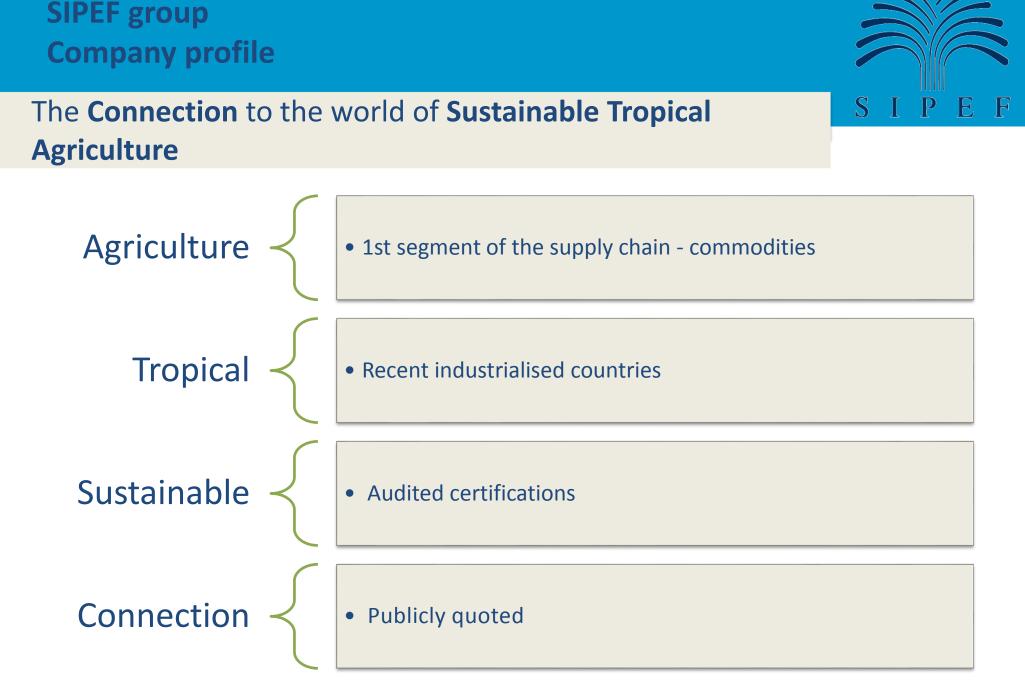
#### Analyst presentation February 18<sup>th</sup>, 2016

# The Connection to the world of Sustainable Tropical Agriculture









#### SIPEF group Company profile

# S I P E F

#### The **Connection** to the world of **Sustainable Tropical Agriculture**



#### SIPEF group Company profile





#### SIPEF group Company profile - Indonesia





#### SIPEF group Company profile – Papua New Guinea





#### SIPEF group Planted hectares summary – 31 december 2015



	Palm	Rubber	Теа	Bananas	Other	Total	% Group share	
Indonesia	44 762	6 250	1 777			52 789	75%	38 364
PNG	13 558	3 283			58	16 899	24%	16 899
lvory coast				630	42	672	1%	672
	58 320	9 533	1 777	630	100	70 346	100%	55 935
%	82%	14%	3%	1%	0%	100,0%		
Group share	45 898	7 703	1 604	630	100	55 935		

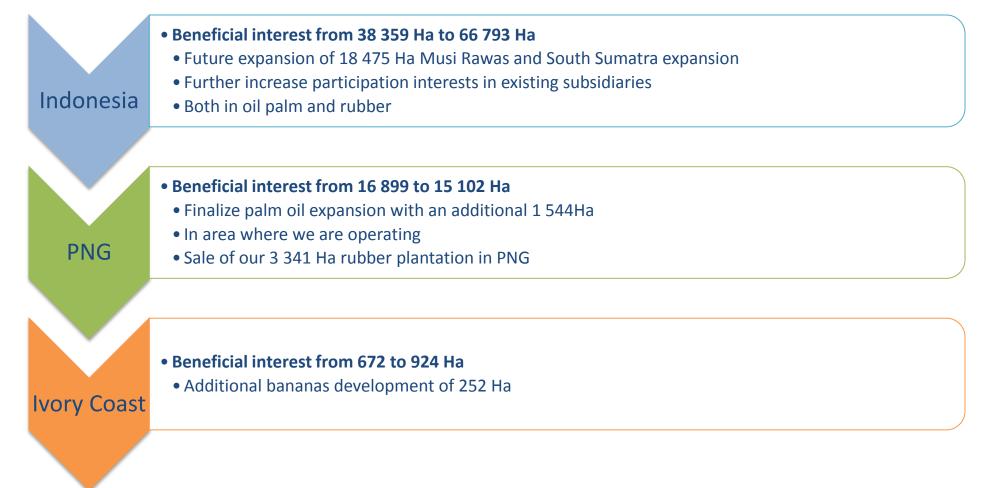
#### SIPEF group Strategy and expansion



# SIPEF group= 100.000 Ha planted (group' share) **Focus on core-business** • Palmoil – Rubber – Bananas – Tea • Indonesia – Papua New Guinea Focus on 'Sustainable Agriculture' (RSPO) **Expansion of existing activities** Acquisition of new investments **Balanced leverage**

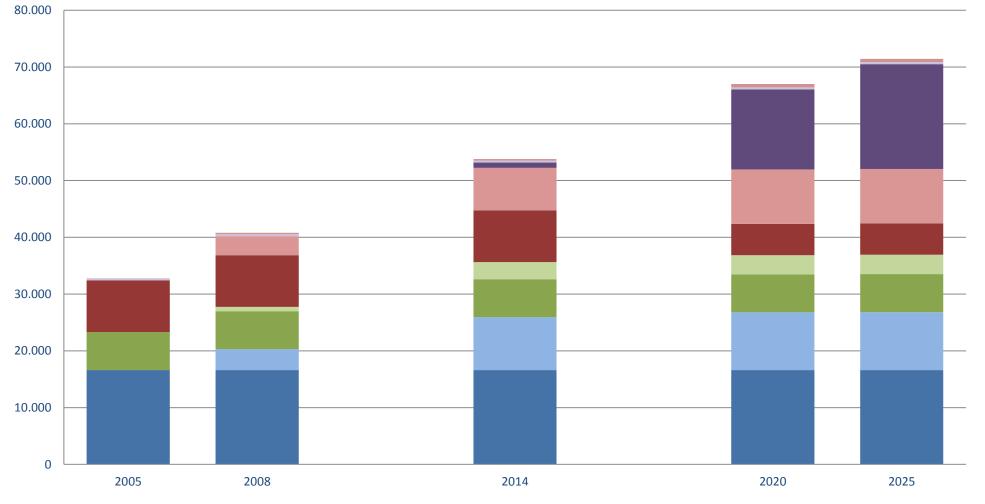
#### SIPEF group Expansion





#### SIPEF group Future expansion





■ North Sum ■ North Sum expansion ■ Bengkulu ■ Bengkulu expansion ■ PNG ■ PNG expansion ■ Musi Rawas ■ Ivory Coast ■ Ivory Coast expansion







Palm oil in the world Vegetable oils



• Vegetable oils are oils or fats extracted from a plant. Their texture can be described as liquid, oily and fatty

• Most vegetable oils can either be used as cooking oil, be used for food and cosmetics or for fuel and diesel production

• The most common oil types include palm oil, soybean oil, canola (rapeseed) oil and sunflower oil

#### Palm oil in the world Oil palm plantations





# Oil palm plantations



Palm oil in the world Fresh fruit bunches



# Fresh fruit bunches

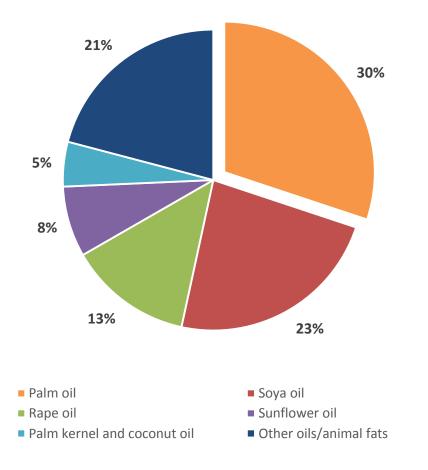




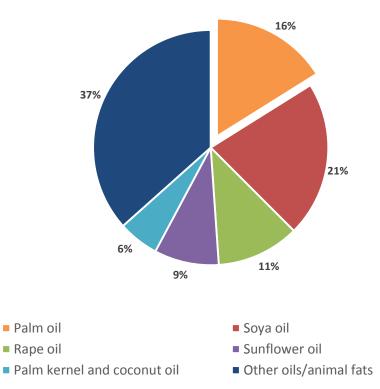
#### Palm oil in the world Vegetable oils



#### 2014/15: 201,7 million tonnes



#### 1994/95: 93,1 million tonnes

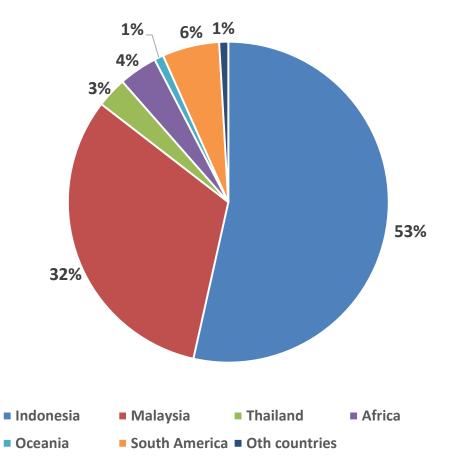


#### Source: oilworld.de, May 2015

#### Palm oil in the world Palm oil production



2014/15 - Palm oil world production



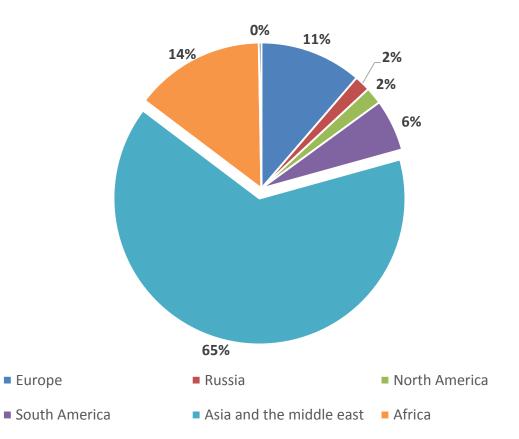
# Palm oil production is primarily done in Asia:

- Indonesia and Malaysia represent 85% of the world's palm oil production
- Oceania includes our subsidiary Hargy Palm Oils Ltd
- Total Sipef production represents 0,44% of the world production.

#### Palm oil in the world Palm oil consumption



2014/15 World consumption



- Asia and the Middle-east consists mainly of China, India, Indonesia, Malaysia and Pakistan
- Africa consists mainly of Nigeria, Egypt, Ghana and Kenya
- Very limited CPO consumption in North and South America

Oceania

Source: oilworld.de, May 2015

Palm oil in the world Advantages of Palm oil



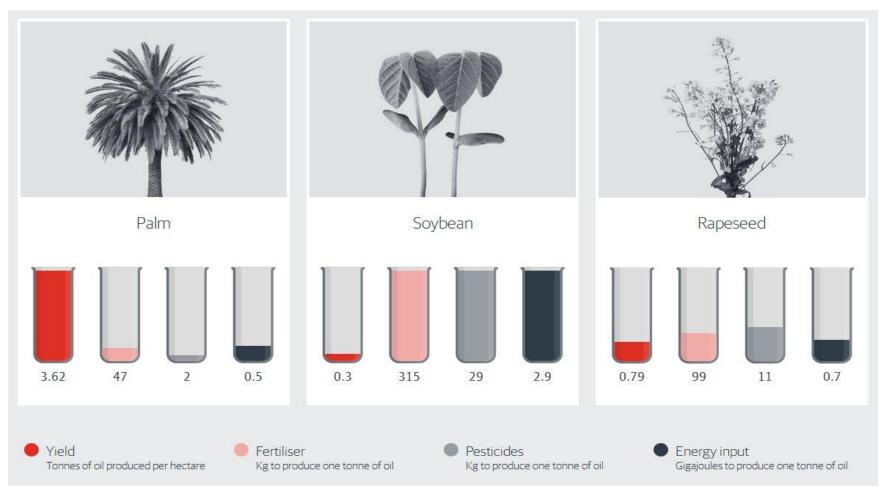
Palm oil has many advantages:

- Highest-yielding vegetable oil crop: less than a third of the land required compared to other crops
- Usable in a wide range of products, from margarine and chocolate to ice cream, soaps, cosmetics and fuel
- India, China, Indonesia and Europe are the main consumers, while Indonesia and Malaysia are the main producers -> relatively close to the consumer market

#### Palm oil in the world Comparison to other oils

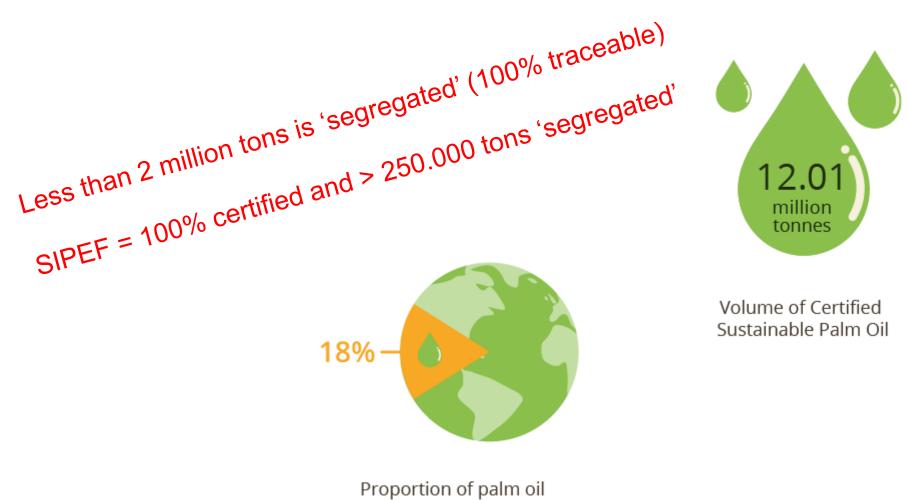


#### Resources used per vegetable oil:





#### Palm oil in the world Sustainable palm oil



globally certified by the RSPO

#### Palm oil in the world Sustainable palm oil



## Our approach to sustainability:

- Social
- Economical
- Environmental



#### Palm oil in the world Sustainable palm oil



Social	Economical	Environmental
Respecting worker's rights / Human rights	Employment and financial security	Securing natural resources
Equal opportunities	Cost savings	Biodiversity
Training employees	Smallholders economic growth	Climate change
Providing education	Wealth creating of rural population	Alternative energy sources
Providing health care	Profitable enterprise	Zero burning
Providing housing	Food security for the world	Methane capture
Improving quality standard of living conditions	Best management practices and R&D to improve yields	Maintaining fertile soils
		Water management
		Eco footprint
		Traceability

Sustainable palm oil SIPEF foundation



The SIPEF foundation supports two long-term projects in Indonesia:

- SIPEF Biodiversity project (SBI) holds a 60-year license to restore a forest area of 12 672 hectares in Sumatra
- SIPEF sea turtle project protects the egg-laying area of several sea turtle species

Annual budget approx KUSD 200

# Sustainable palm oil SIPEF foundation





# Sustainable palm oil SIPEF GROUP



### **Environmental responsibility**

## Social responsibility









#### Sustainable palm oil Papua New Guinea



## Papua New Guinea has very challenging conditions:

- Communities are very isolated;
- Local governments have scarce resources and multiple priorities;
- The national government counts on the agricultural sector for the path to development;

# "One hour principle" for all new developments:

- Acces to tap fed potable water within 1 hour walk
- Acces to medical health within 1 hour walk
- Acces to primary school within 1 hour walk

Sustainable palm oil Continuing process



To accompany and support its growth, SIPEF continues to fulfil its sustainable development obligations:

- ISO 9001 and ISO 14001 certified
- RSPO certified
- ISCC certified
- ISPO certified
- EurepGAP/GlobalGAP
- United Nations clean
  Development Mechanism
- Rainforest Alliance









The "El Niño" phenomenon General



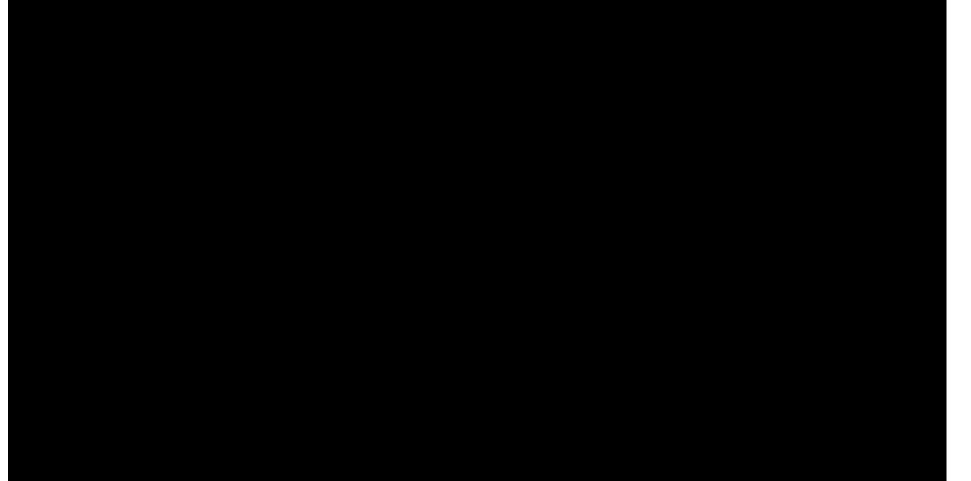
In 2015 an unusual number of weather phenomenons are happening:

- Droughts in Africa, South-East Asia and Oceania;
- Excessive rain fall in Northern China, Pakistan, Afghanistan and parts of South America;
- Unpredictable weather patterns all over the world

All these are caused by one phenomenon: El Niño

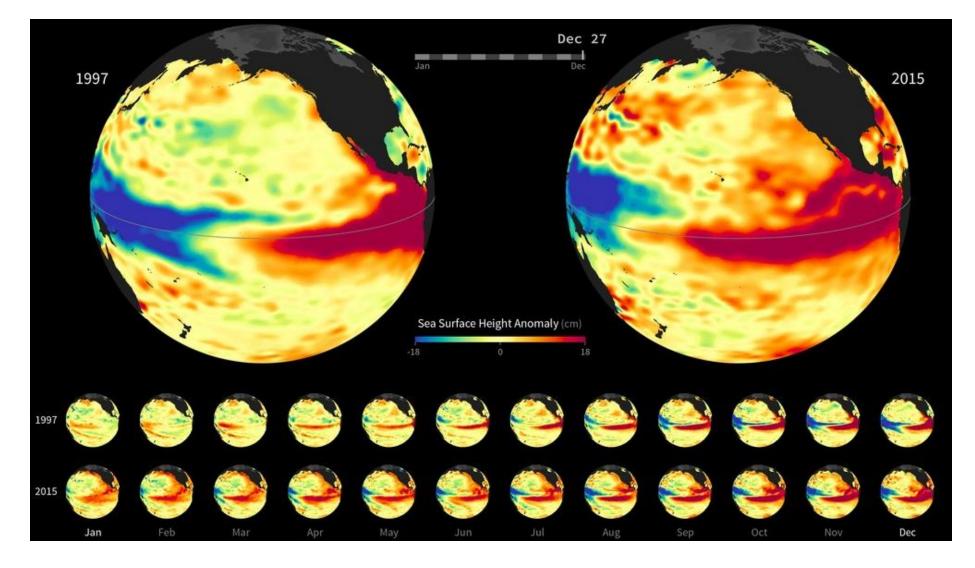
#### The "El Niño" phenomenon What is "El Niño"





#### The "El Niño" phenomenon What is "El Niño"











#### SIPEF group Current production



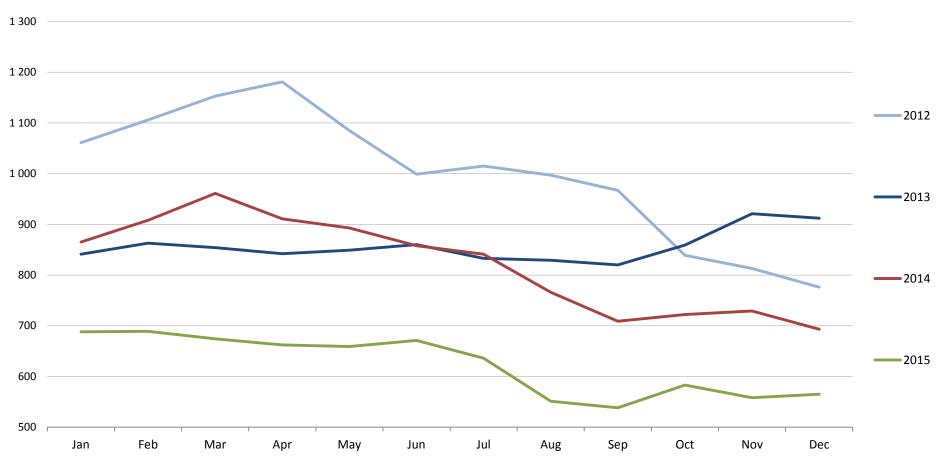
In Tonnes:	Total 2015	<b>Total 2014</b>	YoY%
Palm oil own			
- Tolan Tiga Group	69 297	65 895	+5,2%
- UMW/TUM Group*	27 789	19 530	+42,3%
- PT Agro Muko	77 640	77 704	-0,1%
- Hargy Oil Palms	63 822	56 494	+12,3%
Total palm oil own	238 548	219 623	+8,6%
Total palm oil outgrowers	52 359	48 865	+7,2%
Total palm oil	290 907	268 488	+8,4%
* An equivalent of 2 455 tonnes of palm oil have been sold to a neighbouring palm oil mill			

In Tonnes:	Total 2015	<b>Total 2014</b>	YoY%
Total rubber	10 069	10 411	-3,3%
Total tea	2 726	2 816	-3,2%
Total bananas	24 286	23 595	+2,9%

#### SIPEF group CPO price - CIF Rotterdam – USD



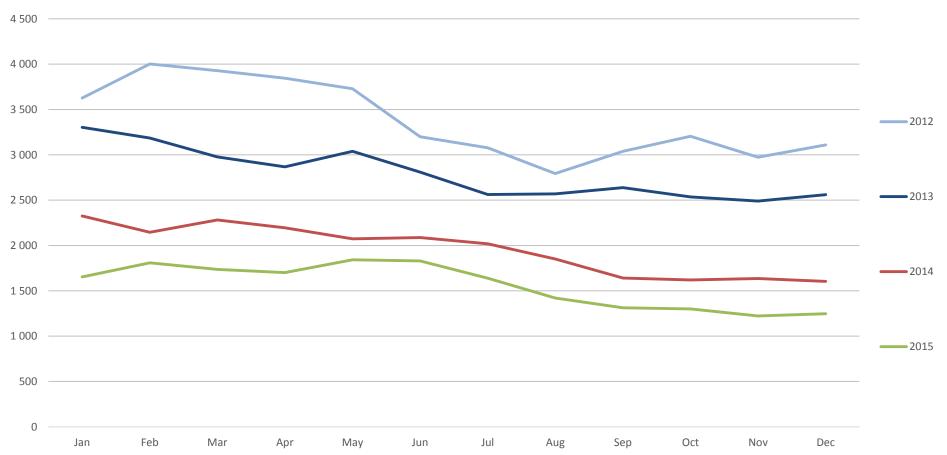
#### **CPO prices**



#### SIPEF group Rubber price – FOB Malaysia - USD



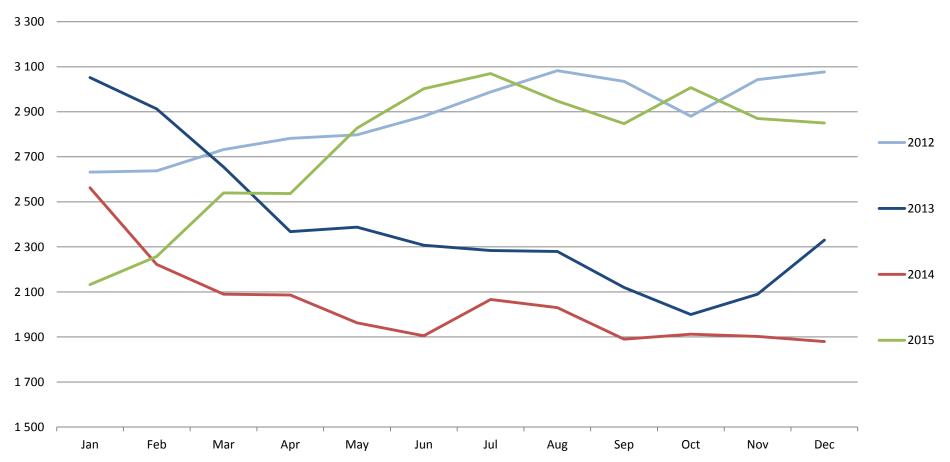
#### **Rubber prices**



## SIPEF group Tea prices – FOB Indonesia - USD



# Tea prices









## SIPEF group IAS 41 Restatement – Balance sheet



In KUSD	2014 IAS 41	Restatement	2014 IAS 41R
Biological assets (IAS 41)	328 859	-179 400	149 459
Other fixed assets	238 541		238 541
Investments in associates	73 557	-14 722	58 835
Financial assets	3 822		3 822
Deferred taks assets	3 013	+11 819	14 832
Net current assets, including cash	97 944		97 944
Assets held for sale	8 845	-895	7 950
Total assets	754 581	-183 198	571 383
Shareholders' equity, group share	547 515	-136 569	410 946
Non controlling interest	35 838	-13 364	22 474
Provisions	11 891		11 981
Deferred taks liabilities	62 820	-33 265	29 555
Current liabilities	96 517		96 517
Total liabilities	754 581	-183 198	571 383



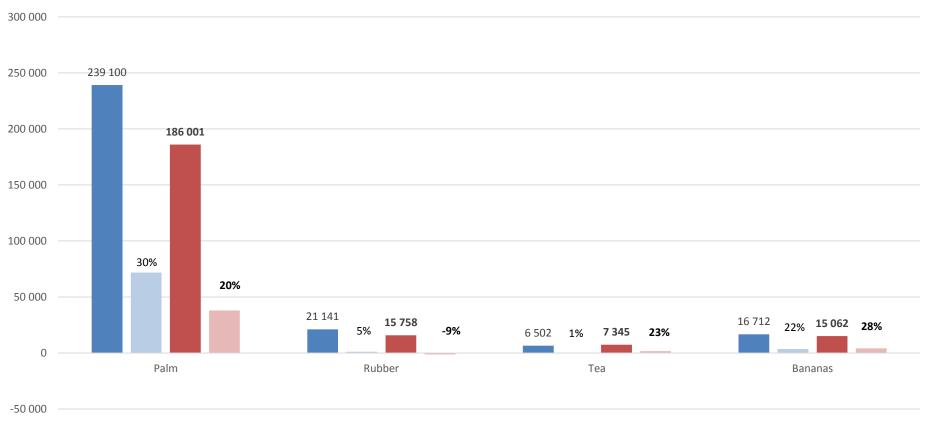
- 2014 IAS 41R result is approximately the "before IAS 41" result, with minor changes:
  - Additional capital gain on the sale of PT Timbang Deli
  - Return to "deemed cost" of the biological assets of Galley Reach Holding
  - Other minor items
  - Total additional profit: + 447 KUSD (Share of the group)
- 2014 restated cash flow is only different in starting result and deduction of non-cash items

## SIPEF group Sales – Gross margin



#### Total consolidated turnover (including corporate)

- 2015: 225 935 KUSD
- 2014: 285 899 KUSD

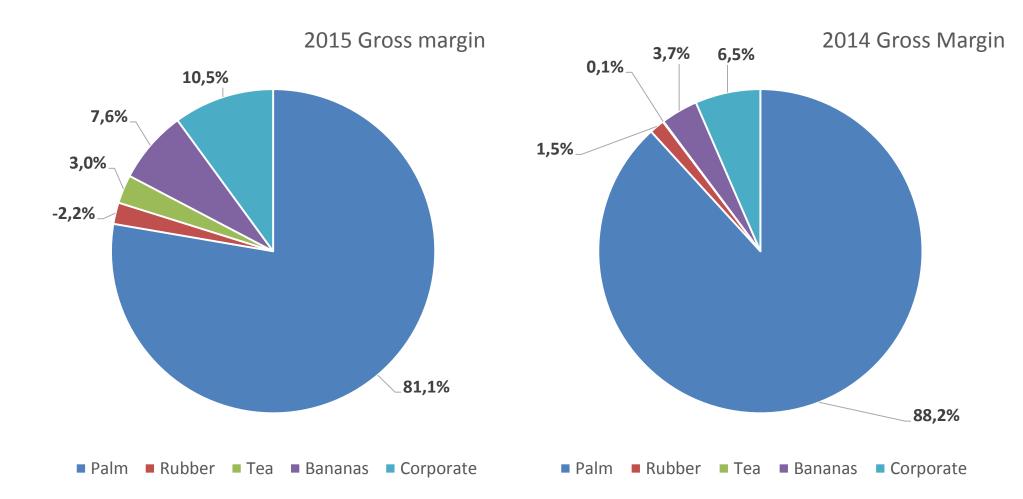


SIPEF group Gross margin – per product (based on internal management reporting)



#### Total gross margin 2015: KUSD 53 075

#### Total gross margin 2014: KUSD 92 841



## SIPEF group Profit and loss statement (based on internal management reporting)



# **Profit and loss**

In KUSD	2015	2014
Gross Margin	53 075	92 841
Services and administration	- 26 520	- 29 191
Other operating income/(charges)	888	7 995
Financial income/charges	- 709	- 619
Exchange result	102	57
Result before tax	26 836	71 083
Тах	-7 786	-23 077
Insurance	176	634
Result after tax	19 226	48 520
Effect of the IAS 41 restatement	0	447
Result after tax after IAS 41 restatement	19 226	48 967

## SIPEF group Consolidated balance sheet



# **Balance sheet**

In KUSD	2015	2014
Biological assets- bearer plants	163 505	149 459
Other fixed assets	302 492	301 198
Net assets held for sale	6 943	7 522
Net current assets, net of cash	40 419	26 472
Net cash position	- 50 521	- 24 617
Total net assets	462 838	460 034
Shareholders' equity, group share	413 862	410 946
Non controlling interest	23 312	22 474
Provisions and deferred tax liabilities	25 664	26 614
Total net liabilities	462 838	460 034

## SIPEF group Consolidated Cash Flow



# Cash flow

In KUSD	2015	2014
III KUSD	2015	2014
Cash flow from operating activities	49 890	80 599
Change in net working capital	-8 062	11 654
Income taxes paid	-10 471	-18 516
Cash flow from operating activities after tax	31 357	73 737
Acquisitions intangible and tangible assets	-49 002	-58 380
Acquisitions financial assets	-1 750	0
Operating free cash flow	-19 395	15 357
Dividends received from associated companies and JV	7 315	12 087
Proceeds from sale of assets	2 132	-180
Free cash flow	-9 948	27 264
Equity transactions with non-controlling parties	-3	-8
Decrease/(increase) of treasury shares	-2 040	0
Net free cash flow	-11 991	27 256

## SIPEF group Prospects



## Production

- Variable production patterns during the first months (El Niño!)
- Young oil palms in Hargy will boost production

#### Markets

- We expect a slight increase in palm oil prices
- Rubber prices will continue to struggle
- Tea price is expected to remain stable

## Cash flow and expansion

- Investment focus remains on Musi Rawas project
- No structural debt

### Result

 At current market prices we expect the result for 2016 to be slightly down on the 2015 annual results







Disclaimer



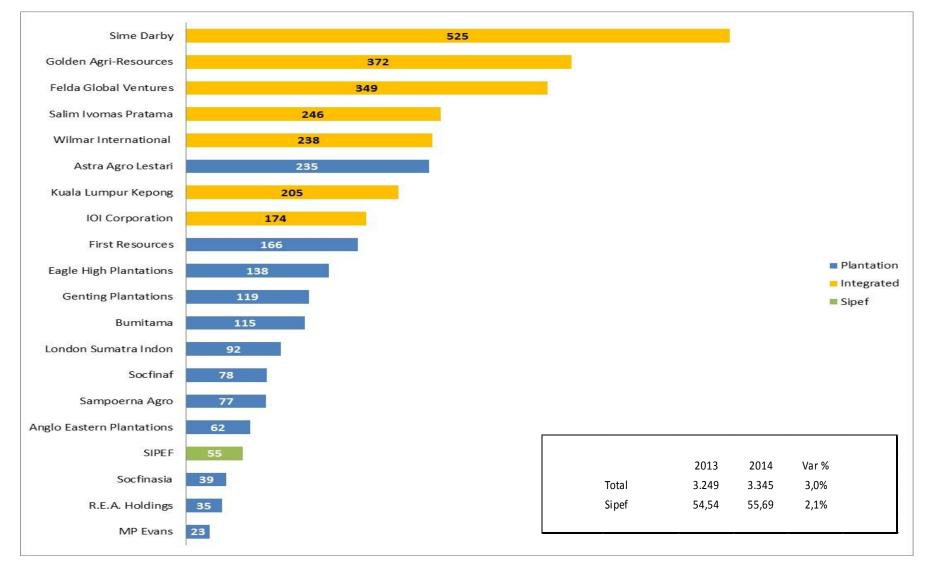
The information contained in this section is provided for your general information only and is not designed nor intended to offer anything more than information only.

The information with respect to the companies included in the Peer Review was retrieved from publicly available information being annual reports and company websites on the one hand and from analyst reports we received on the other hand. In some cases we had to give our own interpretation to the available information in order to get comparable indicators.

As a consequence of using different sources combined with giving our own interpretation to the available information, the information may not always be correct and SIPEF does not accept any liability for loss and damage that may arise from relying upon this information.

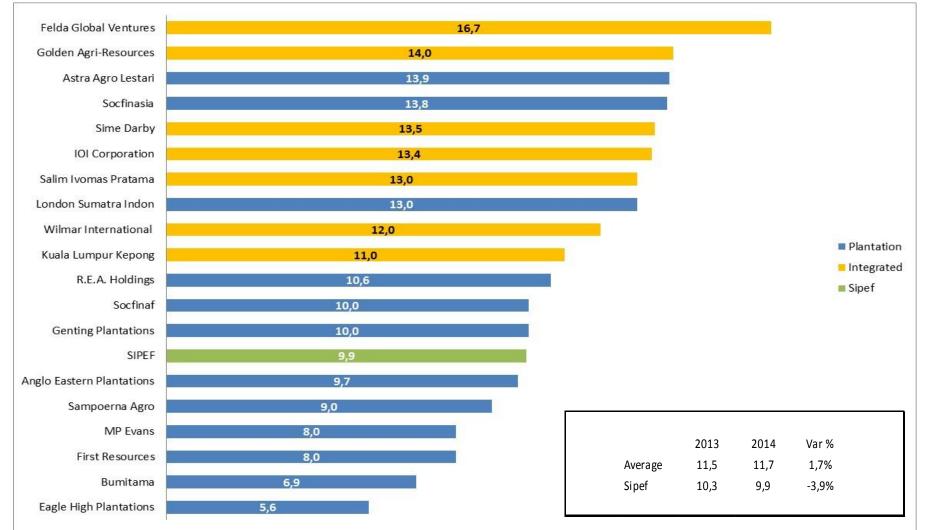
#### **Owned Planted Oil Palm Hectares in KHa (2014)**





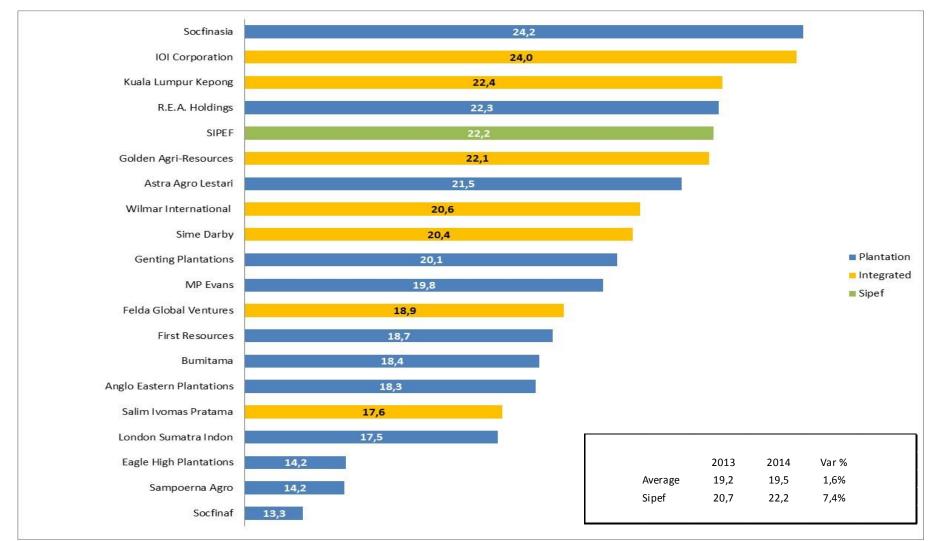
#### Age Profile : Average Age Planted Hectares (2014)





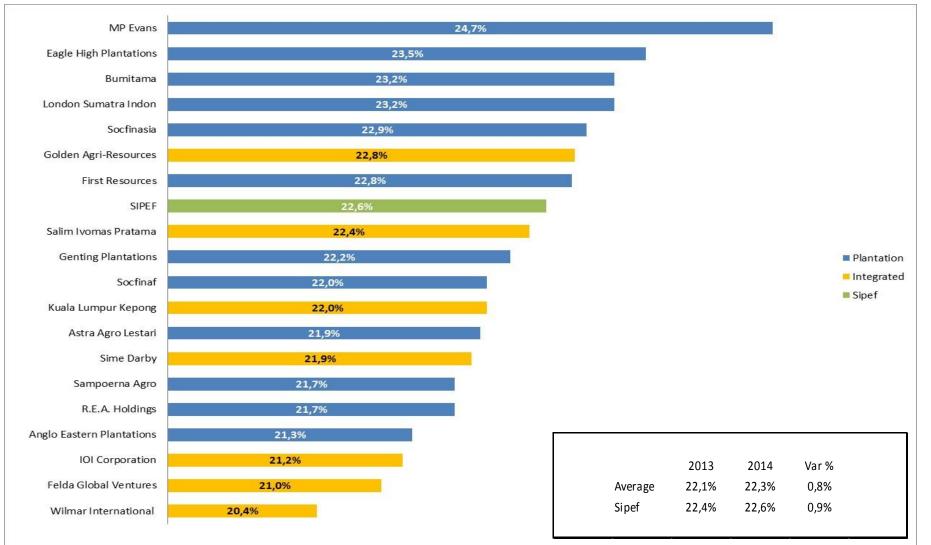
#### FFB Yields – MT/ha (2014)





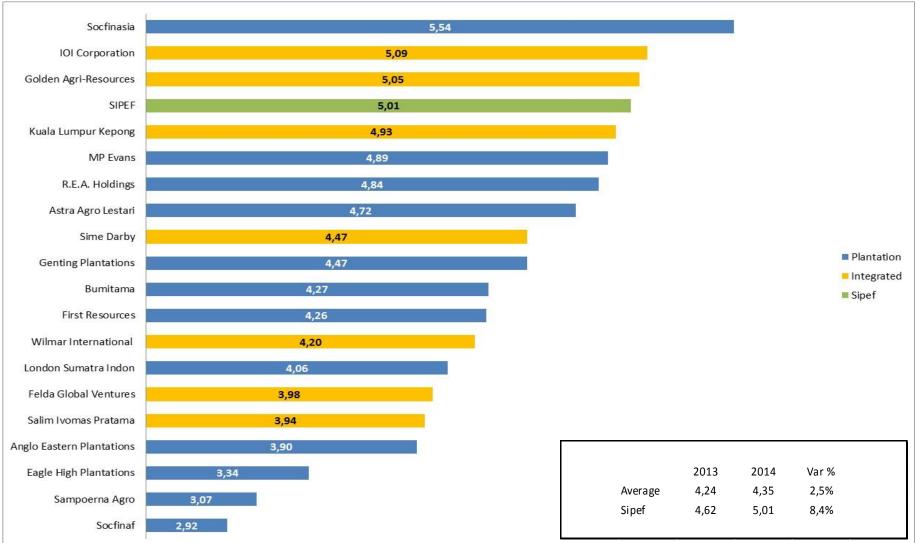
#### **Extraction Rate from FFB to CPO (2014)**





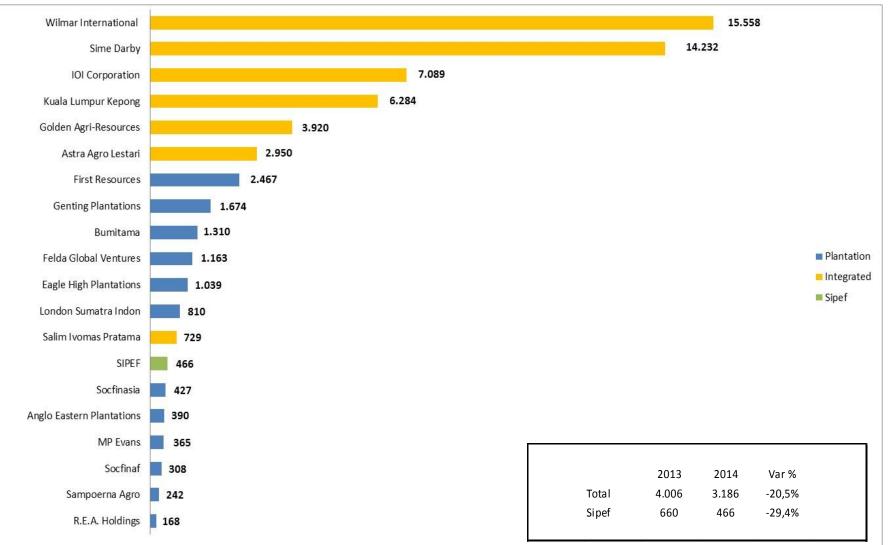
#### CPO Yields – MT/ha (2014)





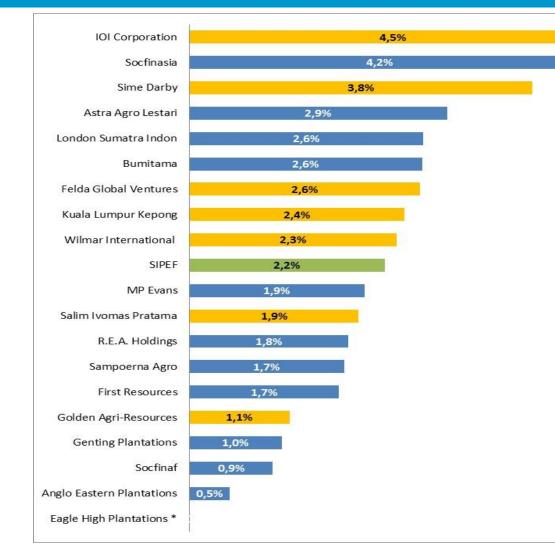
#### Market Cap in MUSD (July 2015)





#### **Dividend Yields (Based on Average Market Cap 2014)**









#### Net financial debt/Equity Ratio (2014)

